

Parton Dynamics at PHENIX

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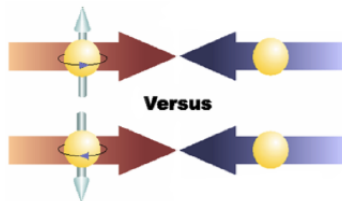
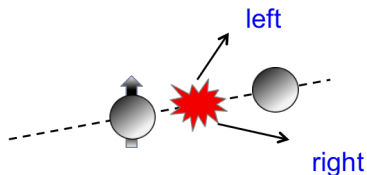
August 6 2015

Outline

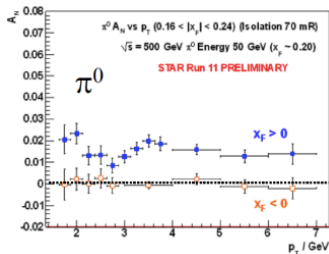
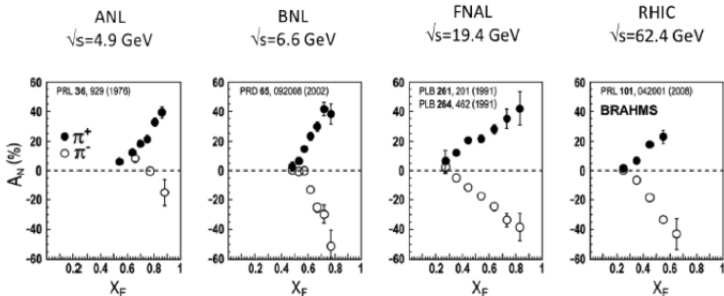
- Motivation for studying parton dynamics
- Intrinsic partonic transverse momentum
- New upgrade MPC-EX at PHENIX
- Summary

Transverse Single Spin Asymmetries

- Large asymmetries observed in polarized $p + p$
- pQCD prediction very small, $\approx 0.1\%$
- Non-perturbative effects
- Frontier in QCD... Finally have the theoretical abilities to study parton dynamics!



Transverse Single Spin Asymmetries



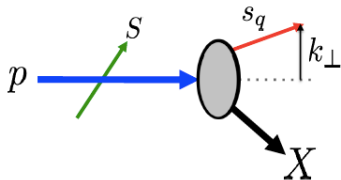
$$x_F = \frac{2p_L}{\sqrt{s}}$$

- Asymmetry huge over broad range of \sqrt{s}
- Non-zero even at $Q^2 \approx 49$ [GeV/c]² and $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV

Initial vs. Final State Effects

Initial-state effects:
(e.g.) Siverson transverse-momentum-dependent parton distribution function

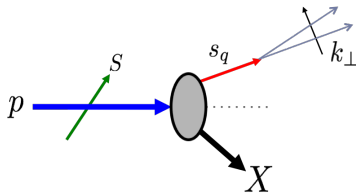
$$f_{1T}^\perp(x, k_\perp^2) \cdot D_q^h(z)$$



Correlation between proton-spin and quark orbital angular momentum

Final-state effects:
(e.g.) Collins transverse-momentum-dependent fragmentation function

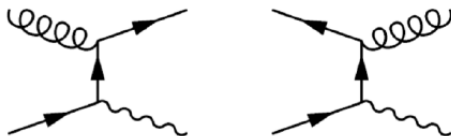
$$h(x) \cdot D_q^\perp(z, k_\perp^2)$$



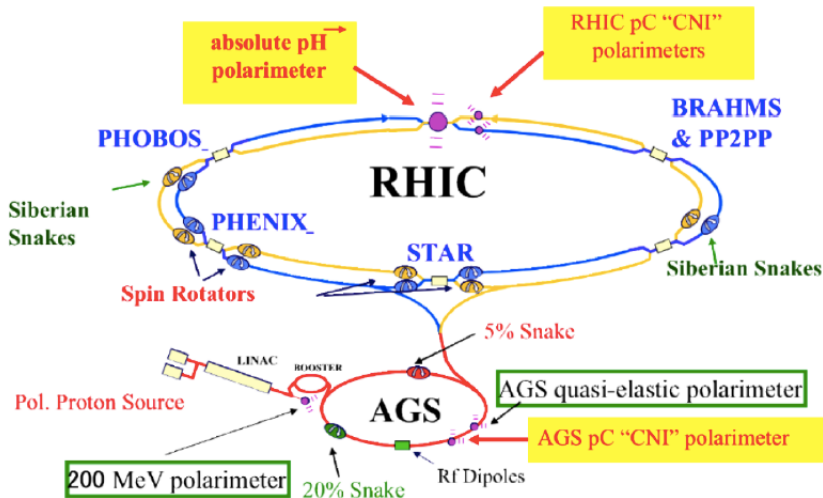
Correlation between final-state quark spin and hadron orbital angular momentum

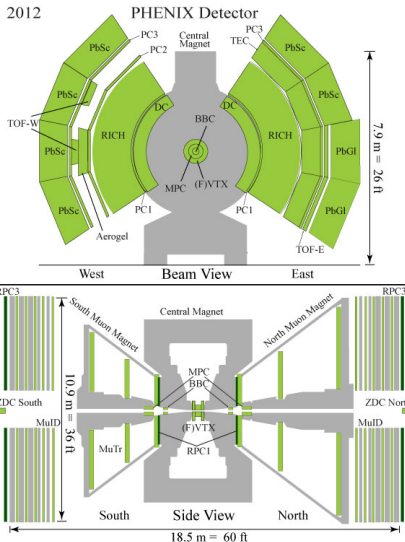
Direct Photons

- In order to isolate initial-state from final-state, look for direct photons
- Therefore can gain access to non-perturbative initial-state effects!
- Understanding initial-state effects is (one of) the goals of the MPC-EX and PHENIX spin program



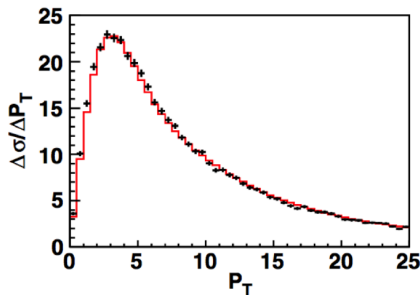
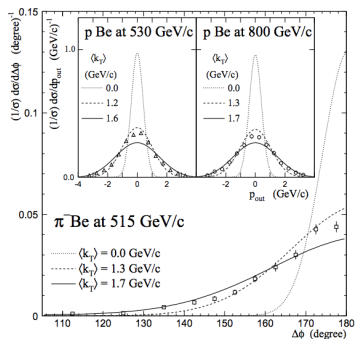
RHIC





- Central arms ($|\eta| \leq 0.35$)
 - EMCal
 - Drift Chamber
- Forward arms ($3.1 < |\eta| < 3.8$)
 - MPC EMCal
 - New MPC-EX preshower

Intrinsic Partonic Transverse Momentum



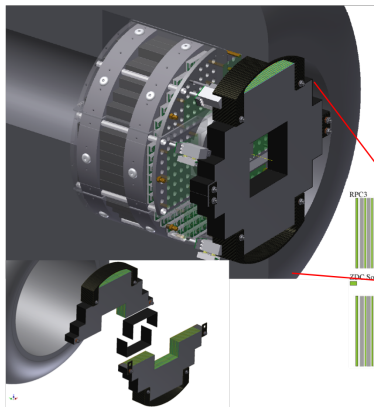
PRD 86, 052010 (2012)

PRL 81, 2642

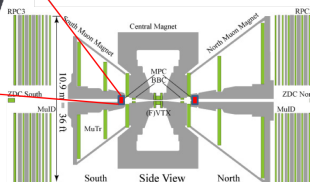
- Angular correlations between direct photons and away side hadrons gives access to intrinsic k_T
- Drell-Yan Z boson cross section from CDF shows non-perturbative effects at low p_T
- Ongoing work to measure at $\sqrt{s} = 510$ GeV at PHENIX

MPC-EX Preshower Detector

- At forward directions, where spin-momentum effects are known to be large, $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ background to direct photons very large
- At PHENIX, solution is adding pre-shower MPC-EX to existing calorimeter MPC

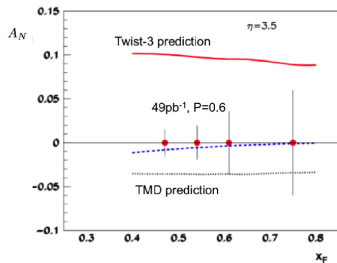
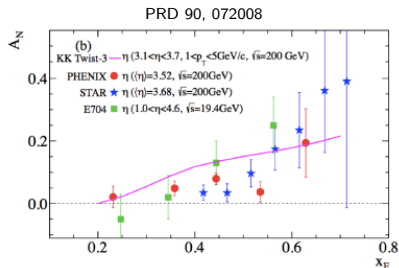


- π^0 reconstruction up to 80 GeV due to increased 2 photon resolution



Spin-Momentum Correlations with the MPC-EX

- Transverse single-spin asymmetry measurements
 - π^0 up to $x_F \approx 0.8$
 - η up to $x_F \approx 0.95$
 - Direct photons enabled by increased background rejection
- MPC-EX status
 - MPC-EX just finished collecting data for the first time this summer in $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV collisions
 - $p^\uparrow + p$ (~ 60 pb $^{-1}$)
 - $p^\uparrow + Au$ (~ 205 nb $^{-1}$)
 - $p^\uparrow + Al$ (~ 450 nb $^{-1}$)
 - Analysis efforts underway now!



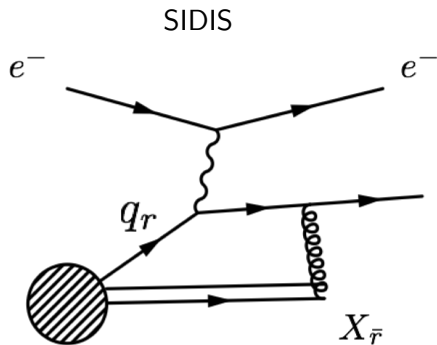
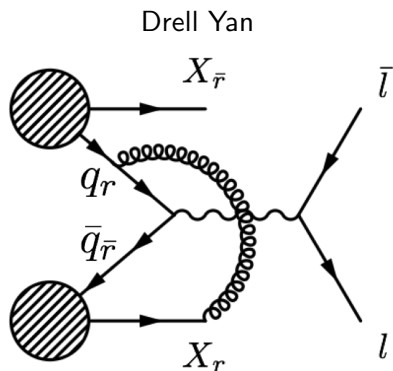
PRD 83, 094001 (2011)

Summary

- Parton dynamics a new frontier in QCD!
- Strong spin-momentum correlations lead to large asymmetries, in particular in forward region
- Intrinsic partonic transverse momentum measured, ongoing work to measure at higher \sqrt{s} at PHENIX
- New pre-shower MPC-EX aims to better understand origins of large asymmetries

BACK UP

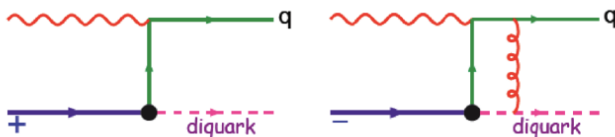
Sivers Function Universal?



Sivers Sign Change

gauge links have physical consequences;
quark models for non vanishing Sivers function,

SIDIS final state interactions



Brodsky, Hwang, Schmidt, PL B530 (2002) 99 - Collins, PL B536 (2002) 43

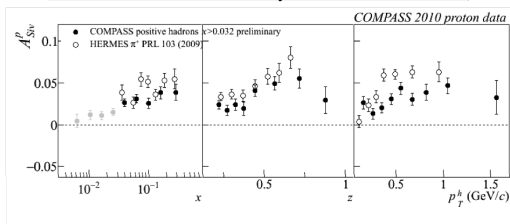
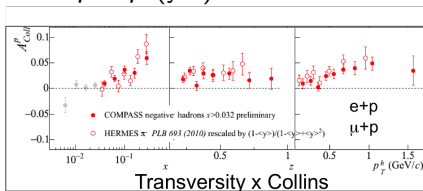
An earlier proof that the Sivers asymmetry vanishes because of time-reversal invariance is invalidated by the path-ordered exponential of the gluon field in the operator definition of parton densities. Instead, the time-reversal argument shows that the Sivers asymmetry is reversed in sign in hadron-induced hard processes (e.g., Drell-Yan), thereby violating naive universality of parton densities. **Previous phenomenology with time-reversal-odd parton densities is therefore validated.**

$$[f_{1T}^{q\perp}]_{\text{SIDIS}} = -[f_{1T}^{q\perp}]_{\text{DY}}$$

Figure from M. Anselmino, Transversity 2014

TMDs in SIDIS

- Measurements of Sivers and Collins Function in SIDIS at HERMES and COMPASS
- No measurements in $p + p$ (yet)



Twist-3 and TMD

- TMDs

- One momentum scale to probe nonperturbative transverse momentum

$$Q_1 \sim \lambda_{QCD}$$

- One momentum scale to ensure pQCD

$$Q_2 \gg \lambda_{QCD}$$

- Example in SIDIS

$$\lambda_{QCD}^2 \lesssim p_{h\perp}^2 \ll Q^2$$

- Collinear PDFs/FFs (twist-3)

- One observed energy scale

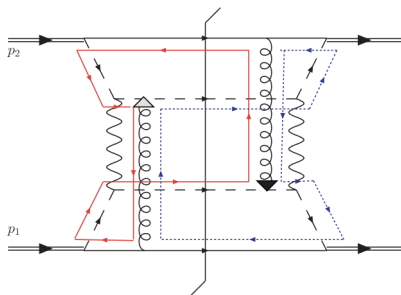
$$Q_1 \gg \lambda_{QCD}$$

- Collinear PDFs/FFs

$$f(x, Q^2)$$

- Integrated over parton transverse momenta

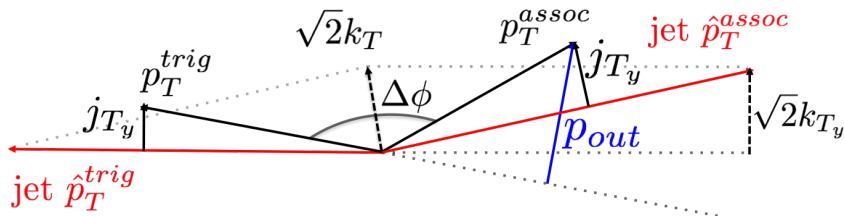
TMD-Factorization Breaking and Color Entanglement



PRD 81, 094006

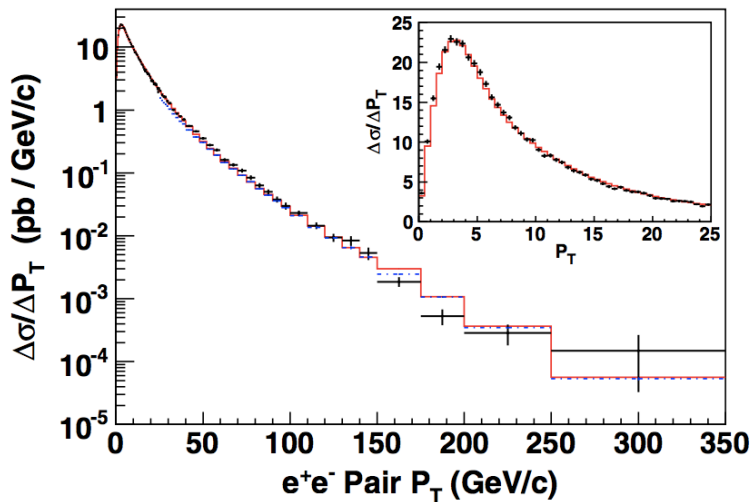
- Color entanglement predicted in 2010 if quark transverse momentum taken into account
- Quarks correlated across protons, similar to quantum entanglement
- Large asymmetries a color entanglement effect?

Intrinsic Partonic Transverse Momentum



- Need baseline measurement to understand intrinsic partonic transverse momentum
- Direct photon replaces jet p_T^{trig}
- Measure $\Delta\phi$ correlations with direct photon and associated charged hadrons

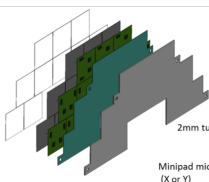
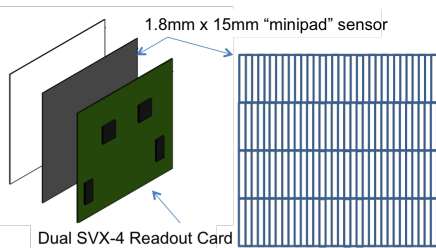
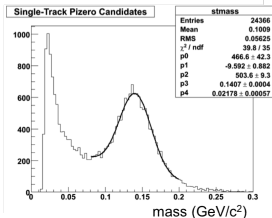
CDF Z Cross Section



MPC-EX Minipad Sensors

Detector elements are Si
"minipad" detectors, one per
tungsten gap, oriented in X
and Y (alternating layers).

π^0 mesons reconstructed
in p+p jet events ($E > 20\text{GeV}$)



Cross-Section View:

